

## American Model United Nations General Assembly Second Committee

GA Second/I/3

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION: Agricultural development, food security and nutrition

SUBMITTED TO: The General Assembly Second Committee

The General Assembly Second Committee,

1 *Recognizing* the many region-specific agricultural challenges and inefficiencies in States throughout the in-2 ternational community contributing to food scarcity and malnutrition,

*Recalling* United Nations resolution 72/238 of 20 December 2017, in which agricultural development was confirmed to be of vital importance to the advancement of developing States,

5 *Further recalling* the adoption of the Rome Declaration on Nutrition by the Second International Conference 6 on Nutrition from 19 to 21 November 2014, in which States committed to eradicating hunger and preventing all 7 forms of malnutrition worldwide,

8 Acknowledging that the many States struggling with food insecurity and agricultural development are un-9 derdeveloped in regards to their infrastructure, the lack of which having a major impact on the availability of food 10 for communities in those States,

11 *Reminding* Member States of the importance of agricultural production in regards to international trade 12 and domestic policies,

13 *Addressing* the international need for community education and sensitization efforts in conjunction with the 14 implementation of new agricultural infrastructure,,

15 1. *Emphasizes* that there is a great need for States to secure vital infrastructure to aid in the creation and 16 distribution of agricultural goods by:

(a) Allocating of physical and financial capital to smaller local farms for the purposes of increasing
production and profitability of local agricultural industries;

(b) Supporting the equitable development of sustainable irrigation resources and other water-related
resources that limit runoff and pesticide use necessary for the production of agricultural goods;

(c) Emphasizing the development and maintenance of renewable and sustainable transportation
infrastructure, including but not limited to: roads, bridges, railroads, waterways, and ferries, and other means of
transportation;

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(i) Encouraging the use of renewable resources in infrastructure development;

(d) Committing to the development of green energy plants such as biomass or hydrologic energy
plants to aid in agricultural development in rural areas;

27 2. *Recognizes* that the international community should be of aid to States in the development of their 28 agricultural infrastructure by:

- 29 (a) Reinforcing the United Nations current international food aid programs;
- 30 (b) Working towards the establishment of storehouses in countries lacking them;

(c) Inviting all States to discourage private companies from exploiting these infrastructure building
opportunities by ensuring equity in aid distribution to local industries;

33 (d) Further encouraging non-governmental organizations (NGOs) to continue their work in providing 34 for the basic human need of food to communities being targeted for infrastructure development in the short term 35 and better able to produce their own food in the long term; 36 3. *Calls for* the transfer of agricultural, scientific, and technological advances to be shared amongst all 37 Member States, most importantly between least developed and developing countries:

(a) *Invites* the participation of NGOs in the implementation of sustainable agricultural infrastructure
networks;

40 (b) *Advises* cooperation with local universities, schools and churches to educate communities, par-41 ticularly in developing states, in the use and implementation of agricultural infrastructure networks;

42 (c) *Recommends* the creation of long-term education programs in order to keep agricultural commu-43 nities in developing states informed of developments in agricultural science and technology, as to keep their products 44 competitive in global markets;

45 4. Assessing and acknowledging Member States' infrastructure on an individual basis in order to prioritize 46 urgency in food security related needs by;

5. Facilitating and hosting a non-mandatory biannual conference that would address the work being completed and current condition certain States' infrastructures are in, and further multilateral exchanges of agricultural technology developments.

Passed by consensus, with 0 abstentions