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American Model United Nations International Atomic Energy Agency

IAEA/II/8

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION: Strengthening the Agency's activities related to nuclear

science, technology and applications

SUBMITTED TO: The International Atomic Energy Agency

The International Atomic Energy Agency,

Recognizing that excessive usage of fresh water, including in the present methods of necessary cooling for infrastructure-sustaining nuclear power plants, can harm ecosystems, disrupt biodiversity, and contribute to long-term environmental degradation,

Acknowledging that climate change intensifies droughts, water scarcity, and ecosystem vulnerability, and the social dangers and the gravity that intense droughts cause,

Reaffirming that improving cooling technology is a necessary step toward responsible and sustainable use of nuclear technology,

Understanding the importance of nuclear energy to the world and in maintaining its usage,

- 1. Recommends the establishment of the IAEA Reactor Cooling Innovation Program (RCIP) to help Member States reduce water consumption and thermal pollution on surrounding water sources that results from the usage of nuclear energy, with the goal being to enhance the sharing of knowledge regarding nuclear reactor cooling techniques among participant States;
- 2. Urges participant Member States to share non-confidential research on the RCIP's subject matter with other participant Member States;
- 3. *Urges* Member States to further develop the IAEA Water Management Program (WAMP), which emphasizes the evaluation of different reactor cooling approaches for their water consumption by recommending the additions to the program of:
- (a) The ability to assess present and potential nuclear cooling systems such as withdrawal from natural water sources and cooling towers, for their environmental impacts;
- (b) The ability to identify less-developed or drought-affected regions experiencing severe ecological stress, water scarcity, and temperature-sensitive habitats;
- 4. Encourages research collaboration between Member States, IAEA laboratories, European technical and climate institutes, and environmental agencies to create and/or standardize renewable water standards, which may be facilitated by the integration of isotope hydrology techniques with existing environmental agencies monitoring networks to further develop a baseline for groundwater quality;
- 5. Recommends follow-up projects in water-stressed regions that currently house nuclear reactors, with IAEA observation, to test and evaluate techniques developed by RCIP to measure their efficacy;
- 6. Calls for funding toward research on alternative approaches to cooling nuclear reactors and requests that the IAEA Board of Directors establish regional Technical Cooperation Fund (TCF) projects as needed to do so with the stipulation that:
- (a) Funding would mainly come from the TCF with the potential for the IAEA to approach other United Nations agencies and/or the World Bank to request additional funding;
- 7. Requests that Member States publish annual reports on their own nuclear-sector water usage and their progress in adopting the RCIP's objectives.

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Passed, Yes: 40 / No: 3 / Abstain: 3

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