

WCY/I/9

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION: Promoting healthy lives and access to quality health care

SUBMITTED TO: The World Conference on Youth

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Recognizing the fundamental principle of national sovereignty, as outlined within Article 2 of the United Nations Charter,

Recalling resolution 44/25 of 30 May 2007, the Convention on the Rights of the Child, which places emphasis on the right to adequate mental health care and mental health development,

Guided by Article 25 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, which entitles everyone to a standard of living that is adequate for their health and well-being,

Reaffirming the International Covenant on Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights and the World Health Organization (WHO) comprehensive mental health action plan 2013-2020, which supports all persons' right to adequate mental and physical healthcare,

Recognizing the apparent healthcare access disparity between rural and urban areas,

Noting resolution 36/28 of 13 November 1981, which defines "youth" as any person from the age of 15-24 years old,

Noting with deep concern the critical need for improved mental health awareness and education,

Concerned for the mental health of the youth living in conflict zones with high rates of violence and warfare,

Deeply saddened by the high youth morality rates associated with mental illnesses,

Alarmed by the stigmatization of mental illnesses and its negative effects on those suffering from mental illnesses and those deterred from seeking treatment,

Aware of the difficulty of raising funds to support increased healthcare access and treatment programs, especially among developing nations,

- 20 1. Affirms Article 26 in the Convention on the Rights of the Child and encourages State Parties to undertake 21 the necessary steps outlined to support and implement mental healthcare resources for youth;
- 22 2. Strongly urges Member States who have not ratified the Convention Rights of the Child to ratify this document;
- 3. Recommends Member States to recognize mental health as a key proponent of one's health and to recognize mental healthcare as a right;
- 4. Urges the inclusion of mental healthcare in State-provided healthcare programming to ensure that optimal mental healthcare treatment, access and resources are attainable for all;
- 5. Requests that Member States increase the number of available mental health professionals and available treatment intervention options in which:
- 30 (a) urban and suburban communities should have access to psychiatric and psychological profession-31 als within a 75 mile radius;
- 32 (b) the non-governmental organization (NGO) Doctors on Wheels should be utilized to provide 33 mental health care for those in marginalized and rural communities;
- 6. Affirms that access to mental healthcare at a young age, before one reaches the designation of a "youth," decreases the need for supplemental healthcare and further healthcare spending in the future;

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- 7. Urges the body to promote life-course access to mental healthcare, which establishes mental health treatment practices from a young age and allows Member States to alleviate supplemental healthcare in the future;
- 8. Invites partnership with the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), WHO and local governments in order to make mental healthcare for youth more accessible and affordable;
- 9. Welcomes aid from donor organizations, such as the World Bank, to help implement the proposed remedies;
- 10. *Proclaims* the following three principles to be of most importance in combating disparities in youth mental health treatments and youth mental health outcomes:
  - (a) accessibility to mental health professionals and adequate treatment interventions;
  - (b) affordability of mental healthcare services;
  - (c) awareness and education to de-stigmatize mental illnesses;
- 47 11. Proclaims the critical need for enhanced educational programming that informs youth on the symptoms 48 of mental illness and the importance of seeking mental health treatment when symptoms first arise, including those 49 designed to:
  - (a) address the negative impacts of the stigmatization and misinformation surrounding mental illness;
- (b) end the stigma surrounding mental illnesses and foster a productive and inclusive environment within all Member States;
  - (c) provide informational resources about mental illnesses, including facts and statistical analyses of these ailments and the threat they pose to their overall health and well-being;
  - (d) educate youth on how to recognize symptoms of mental illness and provide information about treatment options, including counseling or therapy sessions, medical services, and community outreach programs;
  - 12. Draws attention to the traumatic experiences that youth endure while residing in areas of conflict and the resulting damage this inflicts on their mental health;
  - 13. Recommends the African Mental Health Foundation, International Psychological Organization (IPSO) Cultural Context, and South Asian Hub for Advocacy (SHARE) to partner with local governments and community services to alleviate the financial burden for these intervention services;
- 62 14. Suggests that willing and able Member States increase their funding to the relevant bodies and organi-63 zations;
- 15. Calls upon Member States to recognize the prevalence of mental illnesses in their states and their failure to remedy this health disparity as it continues to stigmatize and marginalize mentally ill youth.

Passed, Yes: 30 / No: 5 / Abstain: 12

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