



*American Model United Nations*  
**General Assembly Plenary**

GA/2nd/I/5

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION: Industrial development cooperation

SUBMITTED TO: The General Assembly Plenary

*The General Assembly Plenary,*

1 *Convinced* that when developing economies are bolstered the economies of all States across the world prosper,

2 *Emphasizing* the need for further partnerships between States to ensure accountability for the development  
3 process for host States,

4 *Noting with zeal* the rapidly progressing effects of climate change and the need for proactive action,

5 *Acknowledging* the steps that Member States are taking to increase use of sustainable energy,

6 *Affirming* Member States' commitment to the actions of the United Nations Industrial Development Orga-  
7 nization (UNIDO) and applauds the success of past technological and resource collaboration,

8 *Further acknowledging* the need to assist middle-income States whose needs are not addressed due to recent  
9 yet insufficient industrialization,

10 1. *Encourages* States defined by the World Economic Situation and Prospects (WESP) as developed  
11 economies to:

12 (a) Work with willing recipient States defined by the WESP as developing economies to determine  
13 their most critical industrial needs and how to address them;

14 (b) Engage in foreign direct investments with said States by investing resources at the donor State's  
15 discretion including but not limited to;

16 (i) Industrial technology;

17 (ii) Capital, and;

18 (iii) Intellectual property;

19 (c) Participate in region-to-region fund creations that will;

20 (i) Consist of a pool of loans from willing donor States within a given region of the world to be  
21 distributed to several willing recipient States within a separate region of the world;

22 (ii) Have its funds collected, managed and allocated by an independent third party to be selected  
23 by the UNIDO, namely the Industrial Development Board;

24 (d) Negotiate a mutually beneficial and agreed upon return on investment for the donor that also  
25 prevents exploitation by the donor State as specified in operative clause 4, such as;

26 (i) For capital investments, a return of the payment after a set time period that is subsidized to the  
27 inflation rate of the loaned currency plus a small premium to be no greater than .25%;

28 (ii) For technological and intellectual property investments, an agreement between the States to  
29 collaborate on researching the resource in its condition to improve its overall effectiveness;

30 (iii) For all investments, not exclusively devoting them to natural resource extraction from the  
31 recipient country to prevent manipulation of the recipient State;

32 2. *Recommends* to the United Nations General Assembly that the Industrial Development Board of UNIDO  
33 appoints a third party Foreign Direct Investment expert moderator in order to:

34 (a) Achieve a fair and fully voluntary agreement by all parties involved in the terms of investment  
35 which may include, but are not limited to;

- 36 (i) The duration of the investment;
- 37 (ii) The size of the investment, and;
- 38 (iii) The sector to which the investment pertains;
- 39 (b) Transcribe the agreement in full in a contract between the two States: the donor and recipient
- 40 States;

41 3. *Calls upon* the recipient State to ensure any loans, especially those of capital, are handled properly by

42 the government of the recipient State by:

- 43 (a) Assembling an initial report agreed to by the donor State that details;
- 44 (i) How the recipient State intends to use the resource to be received;
- 45 (ii) Any additional expenses that may be incurred during said usage, and;
- 46 (iii) Any other information regarding the use of the loan in the given context;
- 47 (b) Releasing additional quarterly reports indicating the progress made on the plan set out in the
- 48 initial report;
- 49 (c) Allowing the impartial Conference of the States Parties to the United Nations Convention against
- 50 Corruption (UNCAC) to verify the contents of the recipient State's reports by independently assessing the status of
- 51 the loan project and determining if the report is accurate and;
- 52 (i) If the report is accurate, implementation would continue normally;
- 53 (ii) If there is a clear mismanagement of resources by the recipient State such as embezzling, those
- 54 responsible will not be permitted to receive loans for five years;

55 4. *Requests* the donor State submit any foreign direct investments and returns thereof to the International

56 Organization of Supreme Audit Institutions (INTOSAI) to be audited and reviewed to ensure:

- 57 (a) Donor States will not impose economic imperialism or unfairly manipulate recipient States based
- 58 on their loans;
- 59 (b) Donor States are only receiving returns that were agreed upon in the initial contract between
- 60 the States and any other mutually agreed upon contract thereafter and;
- 61 (c) Agreement on any contract with donor States is independent of outstanding loans and based on
- 62 the full mutual understanding of the contract;

63 5. *Affirms* the effectiveness of Public-Private Partnerships (PPPs) wherein the governments of developed

64 States offer contracts or subsidization to private corporations to:

- 65 (a) Provide resources to developing States to advance technologies such as;
- 66 (i) Green industrial technology;
- 67 (ii) Renewable energy generation, and;
- 68 (iii) Sustainable infrastructure;
- 69 (b) Open source their relevant intellectual property to the developing State with the understanding
- 70 that it would not be disclosed, used or distributed by the recipient State outside of the explicit terms;
- 71 (c) Conduct research and prototyping in the field of low-cost sustainable industrial technology and
- 72 renewable energy implementation;
- 73 (d) Keep the public interest of both States in mind to prevent the privatization of infrastructure;

74 6. *Encourages* further implementation and use of the United Nations Programme for Country Partnership

75 (PCP), a custom-built partnership wherein each PCP beneficiary State maintains ownership of the development

76 process by defining its needs and required support and finally ensuring the success of its delivery by:

- 77 (a) Allowing willing States, especially middle income States, to opt in on a voluntary basis;

78 (b) Recognizing cultural differences between partner States and incorporating them into any educa-  
79 tional programs provided;

80 (c) Advancing a long term plan for the partnerships to continue after initial programs are established;

81 7. *Promotes* the establishment of sustainable energy sources throughout all States by:

82 (a) Defining green or renewable energy as a source of energy for a State that creates no permanent  
83 or long-term damage to the State's environment;

84 (b) Applying this definition on a case by case basis for States based on conditions including but not  
85 limited to;

86 (i) The energy needs of each State;

87 (ii) The existing pollution within that State, and;

88 (iii) How established their pre-existing energy grid is;

89 (c) Placing the INTOSAI in charge of auditing the recipient State to ensure the resources loaned  
90 were used in green industrialization as defined above;

91 (d) Acknowledging that Member States that fail to pass the audit will have their loans for the  
92 remainder of the fiscal year withdrawn;

93 (e) Endorsing the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) established by UNIDO when offering  
94 development assistance to Member States, specifically in regards to;

95 (i) Ensuring inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning for all;

96 (ii) Ensuring access to affordable, sustainable and reliable energy for all, and;

97 (iii) Promoting sustained inclusive economic growth, full and productive employment and decent  
98 work for all.

Passed, Yes: 58 / No: 23 / Abstain: 5