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SUBMITTED TO: The Security Council

The Security Council

Recognizing the United Nation's focus "to improve the quality of life for the people of the world,"

Guided by the United Nations Millennium Development Goal to end poverty and fight hunger by 2015,

Aware of the stressed levels of poverty in Africa and the significant portions of the African population suffering from malnutrition, limited access to hospitals or doctors, limited access to safe water, sanitation, and primary education,

Recognizing that the root cause of violence and conflict in the region lies in the lack of significant economic development,

Deeply concerned that the security and stabilization in the region will continuously be in danger as long as the people lack basic human needs,

Emphasizing that the African continent dominated the top ten of the poorest countries based on GDP per capital,

Affirming the sentiment of the World Bank that better infrastructure not only improves the quality of life for Africa's citizens but also improves competitiveness and business environments of African countries,

Noting that the current 35 billion in annual spending on infrastructure in Africa is directly financed by the African taxpayer and infrastructure user, and in addition another 13 billion dollars of finance comes from a variety of external sources, Official Development Assistance (ODA), and private investment from non-traditional sources,

Further noting that an overall gap of 35 billion dollars remain,

Recognizing with appreciation previous generous contributions by member states, non-governmental organizations, and international donors to economic development in Africa,

35 36	1. <i>Requests</i> that the United Nations:
37 38	2. Calls for an international conference of current and potential donors:
39 40 41 42	(a) The conference will pledge money in order to help address Africa's infrastructure deficits and to aid in maintenance and operation of the infrastructure,
43 44 45 46	(b) The funds received would help information and communication technologies, irrigation, power, transportation, and water, as well as aid in inadequate maintenance and mismanagement of existing infrastructure,
47 48 49 50	(c)The target for the conference will be about 35 billion dollars, estimated and calculated by the Infrastructure Country Diagnostics Study (AICD), needed for governance, regulation, and reform of Infrastructure in Africa,
51 52	2. Urges need based distribution of funding to African nations;
53 54 55 56 57	3. Further urges African Nations to submit proposals for funding which focus on strengthening project planning and management, improve their infrastructure policies and regulations to expand public access and attract wider investment, increasing user charges on those able to pay more and changing connection charges and subsidies to benefit the poor;
59 60 61 62	4. <i>Specifically urges</i> developed nations with prestige as the leaders of the world to aid the African continent in its progress and development of infrastructure in order to boost its failing economy and social welfare;
63 64 65 66 67 68 69	5. Bestow yearly funding of 500 million dollars to the United Nations agencies of the World Bank and International Monetary Fund in their support to various organizations such as the Infrastructure Consortium for Africa (ICA), New Partnership for Africa's Development (NEPAD), and African Infrastructure Country Diagnostics Study (AICD) that assist countries in benchmarking performance goals, creating a country specific strategies, increasing finance and awareness for the infrastructure;
70 71 72 73	6. Further proclaims that the funds received will be paid directly to the African Union and be checked by the consolation and recommendation from the United Nations Economic Commission for Africa, ECA,
74 75 76 77	(a) Required in-depth report will be required from the African Union every months in order to assure funds are being used wisely and supervision is enforced;
78 79 80	(b)The funding received would be used for and only for the purpose of governance, regulation, and reform of the infrastructure, and finally for the furthering research and aid to institutions that support and recognize the need to RES:657

81	overcome the infrastructure restrictions;
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83	7. Affirms that these funds will go for and only for the improvement and
84	enhancement of infrastructure for Africa;
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86	8. Requires a renewal deadline every 5 years, which will be based upon
87	improvement and need.
	1. Passed, Yes: 12 / No: 0 / Abstain: 3