

American Model United Nations

General Assembly Second Committee

GA Second/II/1

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION: Agriculture development and food security

SUBMITTED TO: The General Assembly Second Committee

The General Assembly Second Committee

Worldwide adoption of Purchase for Progress

Recognizing that agriculture plays a crucial role in addressing the needs of a growing global population and is inextricably linked to poverty eradication, especially in developing countries, and stressing that integrated and sustainable agriculture and rural development approaches are therefore essential to achieving enhanced food security and food safety in an environmentally sustainable way,

Emphasizing the urgent need to increase efforts at the national, regional and international level to address food security and agriculture development as part of the international development agenda,

Remaining concerned that high and volatile food prices and the global food crisis pose a serious challenge to the fight against poverty and hunger, as well as to the efforts of developing countries to attain food security and achieve the objective of reducing by half the number of undernourished people by no later than 2015 as well as other internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals, and reiterating that the global food crisis has multiple and complex causes and that its consequences require a comprehensive and coordinated response in the short, medium and long term by national Governments and the international community,

Welcoming the holding of the High-Level Conference on World Food Security (HLTF), the Challenges of Climate Change and Bioenergy, from 3 to 5 June 2008 in Rome, and acknowledging the initiative of the Secretary-General in establishing the High-level Task Force on the Global Food Security Crisis, which has produced the Comprehensive Framework for Action, the World Food Program's Purchase for Progress Initiatives as well as other multilateral, regional and national initiatives,

 Taking note with appreciation of the work undertaken by relevant international bodies and organizations, including the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the International Fund for Agricultural Development and the World Food Program, on agriculture development and enhancing food security and by the

33 Commission on Sustainable Development on the thematic cluster of issues on agriculture,

34 rural development, land, drought, desertification and Africa,

Acknowledging the difficulty of spreading agricultural technology, education, and management techniques in isolated areas,

Recognizing the great long term potential for small holder farmers to become distributors to the world market including buying capital and inputs,

Recognizing that current World Food Program acquisition policy, local and regional purchasing is not always the most effective solution to the problem,

 Noting that the World Food Program's Purchase for Progress program has shown extensive piloting success, in twenty-one countries in a variety of regions globally, Emphasizing that the United Nations can play an effective role in building a global consensus in addressing agriculture development and food security,

1. Stresses that food security is central to poverty eradication, public health and sustainable economic growth, and the need for a comprehensive twin-track approach to food security that consists of direct action to immediately tackle hunger for the most vulnerable and medium- and long-term sustainable agricultural, food security, nutrition, and rural development programs to eliminate the root causes of hunger and poverty, including through the progressive realization of the right to food;

2. Also stresses that achieving food security for all has as its core element the strengthening and revitalizing of the agricultural sector in developing countries, where it has been identified as a priority by Governments, including through enhanced international support, an enabling environment at all levels and the empowerment of small-scale farmers, indigenous peoples and other rural communities, and stresses the need for the involvement of women, in particular in decision- making;

3. *Encourages* efforts at all levels to create a strong enabling environment for enhancing agricultural production, productivity and sustainability, developing strong agricultural value chains and improving farmers' participation in markets;

4. *Welcomes* the strengthening of cooperation between the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the International Fund for Agricultural Development, the World Food Programme and all other relevant entities of the United Nations system and other intergovernmental organizations, the international financial institutions and international trade, financial and economic institutions, in accordance with their respective mandates, in order to increase their effectiveness, as well as the strengthening of cooperation with non-governmental organizations and the private sector in promoting and strengthening efforts towards agriculture development and food security;

5. *Recognizes* the increasingly successful Purchase for Progress program started by the World Food Program, creating engagement in over twenty-one countries, reinvigorating investment and creating a sustainable model of development;

 6. *Emphasize*s that without a guaranteed market it is difficult for smallholder farmers to gain the capital necessary to plant crop amounts that allow for national and regional sustainability, and the ability of Purchase for Progress to create such a market;

7. *Encourages* Member States to employ cellular technology in efficiently spreading new ideas to isolated areas within the agricultural community;

8. *Urges* International Fund for Agricultural Development to contribute to the spread of cellular technology in rural areas;

9. *Calls upon* the World Food Program to move the Purchase for Progress program out of the pilot stage, with the goal of phasing out current Local and Regional Purchasing;

10. *Also urges* the World Food Program, to use its collaboration with United Nations agencies and connections in over 74 joint programmes, in 45 countries worldwide to create an effective worldwide implementation and transition to Purchase for Progress instead of Local and Regional Purchasing in all areas deemed appropriate by 2015.

Passed, Yes: 60 / No: 18 / Abstain: 17