

American Model United Nations General Assembly Plenary

GA/I/2

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION:

International cooperation against the world drug problem

SUBMITTED TO: The General Assembly Plenary

The General Assembly Plenary,

1 2 3 4	<i>Guided by</i> a deep respect for the United Nations Charter Article 2, as well as past work on the topic of the world drug problem, such as the United Nations Convention Against Illicit Traffic on Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances 1988, the Convention Against Transnational Crime, and the Political Declaration and Programme of Control (Δ/S_{-} 17(12)
5	Control (A/S-17/13),
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7	Seeking increased support for the efforts of the United Nations Office on Drugs
8	and Crime (UNODC),
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10	Noting the need for a unified global effort against the world drug problem
11	regardless of political differences,
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13	<i>Recognizing</i> the crucial role of demand and supply reduction as components of a
14	comprehensive approach to addressing the world drug problem,
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16	<i>Emphasizing</i> the necessity of educating the population to prevent of the use of
17	illicit drugs,
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19	<i>Further emphasizing</i> the need to re-educate and retrain farmers on alternative
20	development strategies in order to provide increased agricultural opportunities,
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22	<i>Cognizant</i> of the economic pressures that regional farmers face to grow crops that
23	are used as part of the drug trade,
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25	1. <i>Encourages</i> greater coordination and operation between bordering and regional
26	Member States,
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28	2. Suggests that regional blocs are established by the UNODC based off of
29	geography and the flow of regional patterns of drug trafficking, and to enhance:
30	(a) border security;
31	(b) intelligence;
32	(c) resources amongst countries;
33	
34	3. <i>Further suggests</i> that regional blocs:
35	(a) Coordinate the flow of information through the use of global/regional

36	databases that contain travel documents to be used in the apprehension and identification
37	of criminals;
38	(b) Discuss a similar legal framework to address drug trafficking;
39	(c) Report to the UNODC;
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41	4. <i>Expresses</i> its hope that Member States will continue or establish checkpoints at
42	borders as well as trafficking hubs including but not limited to: airways, railroads, and
43	harbors, to strengthen security,
44	
45	5. <i>Strongly encourages</i> educational training for law enforcement and judicial
46	officials for a unified approach to drug trafficking including training on recognition of
47	drugs and chemical precursors in order to not impede legitimate trade;
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49	6. <i>Supports</i> Member States to establish and enforce more effective and equitable
50	penalties for offenders of drug trafficking,
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52	7. <i>Calls</i> for Member States to provide alternative economic and educational
53	opportunities for exporting farmers and at-risk communities within the various affected
54	regions, which may include:
55	(a) Technical expertise on the cultivation of alternative crops, relevant to the
56	climate and country, that will provide farmers a stable and legitimate source of income;
57	(b) The collaboration of developed nations in technology transfers or assistance in
58	the spheres of seeds and equipment;
59	(c) Plans for infrastructure development and other trades to provide an alternative
60	livelihood;
61	(d) The dissemination of information to farmers on more effective means of
62	cultivation;
62 63	
64	8. <i>Further recommends</i> Member States to consider social perspectives of illicit
65	drug use and the potential to alter the consciousness of the general public specifically
66 67	through the use of education programs to children and workers through institutions such
67 68	as workplaces and schools;
	0. Welcomes the greation of a comprehensive international plan for raising public
69 70	9. <i>Welcomes</i> the creation of a comprehensive international plan for raising public
70	awareness that each nation may modify as necessary, but preferably will include:
71	(a) The creation of liaison positions by individual governments to deal with
72	germane non-governmental organizations (NGOs) and coordinate efforts;
73	(b) The implementation of seminars for members of venerable populations such as
74	overseas workers, children, and the impoverished;
75	(c) Collaboration with private media and corporations to better propagate
76	information;
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78	10. <i>Urges</i> Member States to continue their efforts to prevent drug use and to
79	develop policies, laws and practices that can be incorporated into national and
80	community-based drug prevention programs.
	Passed, Yes: 55 / No: 10 / Abstain: 30