



American Model United Nations
General Assembly Plenary

GA/1/I/1

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION: Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security

SUBMITTED TO: The General Assembly Plenary

The General Assembly Plenary,

1 *Acknowledging* the economic and social benefits of the developments in
2 information technology and communication technology,

3
4 *Taking into consideration* that these technological advances can help expedite the
5 growth of developing nations through enhanced communications technology and more
6 efficient infrastructure systems such as smart grids and electronic banking,

7
8 *Noting with concern* the vulnerabilities that these technologies may expose in
9 those opt to employ them,

10
11 *Noting with regret* that those States who attempt to function most efficiently and
12 economically with these technologies run the risk of a cyber-security breach from either
13 state entities or rogue third party groups,

14
15 *Recognizing* the incredible rate at which elements in this field can change,

16
17 *Keeping in mind* the guidelines set out in United Nations resolution
18 A/RES/64/211,

19
20 *Approving of* the General Assembly's previous and current monitoring of
21 information and communication technology (ICT) developments,

22
23 1. *Reaffirms* that each State has within its own sovereignty to calibrate their own
24 balance between security and freedom when concerned with the nebulous topic of net
25 neutrality;

26
27 2. *Affirms* the right of each State to maintain its own cyberspace and media
28 channels;

29
30 3. *Calls for* the creation of an international database of known malware codes,
31 willingly donated by Member States, to be controlled by the United Nations and
32 disseminated to States who request the information so that they could most effectively
33 scan (either directly or through their internet service providers) their local internet traffic,
34 making it a safer place for their citizens;

- 35
36 4. *Further calls for* an international cyber-security summit to discuss the
37 following topics:
38 a. Protocol for bilateral or multilateral discussions over infringements of cyber-
39 security;
40 b. A clear and concise definition of what constitutes cyber-war, cyber-espionage,
41 cyber-crime, and cyber-terrorism;
42 c. A Cyber-War Limitation Treaty (CWLT) to discuss what elements of
43 informatized warfare should be agreed to be perpetually excluded from war fighting;
44
45 5. *Urges* the creation of a new sub-committee called the Committee on Cyber-
46 Security (CCS) to research and report on cyber-security, thus providing constant update
47 on a constantly changing field:
48 a. The membership for this sub-committee will be determined by this body as well
49 as the parameters of their position;
50
51 6. *Encourages* financial and technological exchange between member States and
52 recommends greater transparency.

Passed, Yes: 42 / No: 13 / Abstain: 22