

## American Model United Nations General Assembly Third Committee

GA 3rd/I/1

	SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION:	The Right to Food
	SUBMITTED TO:	The General Assembly Third Committee
	The General Assembly Third Committee,	
1	<i>Reaffirming</i> the previous reso	olutions of this body,
2 3 4 5	<i>Recognizing</i> that access to sufficient nutrition and food is difficult and near impossible in certain regions,	
6 7 8	<i>Taking into consideration</i> that the right to food is one of the most vital issues in the global society and that it should be upheld as soon as possible,	
9 10	<i>Having considered</i> the paramount importance of state sovereignty in international affairs and agreements,	
11 12 13 14 15 16	<i>Calling</i> on the 25th Article of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the Universal Declaration on the Eradication of Hunger and Malnutrition and the United Nations Millennium Declaration, in particular Millennium Development Goal 1 on eradicating extreme poverty and hunger in half by 2015,	
17 18 19 20 21	Nations multilateral body consisting technology, and infrastructural devel (a) Encouraging cultural and (b) Researching the circumst	regional understandings regarding agricultural lands; ances for each nation as well as the overarching
22 23 24	challenges that climate change prese (c) Promoting communicatio long run decisions of crop productio	n between the specialists and the government in the
25 26 27	(d) Advocating the education	and self-sufficiency of minority groups; y of the distribution of resources to people in need;
28 29 30 31 32 33	Organizations (NGO), with the under allow them to provide valuable region	on of the United Nations with Non-Governmental erstanding that NGOs already have existing ties that onal and national information that will prevent ovide more direct food aid, particularly in emergency
34 35 36	3. <i>Supports</i> the right to land a manner of: (a) Renovating land for agric	and the importance of the quality of soil in the ultural purposes such as:

37 (i) Areas not in use due to waste, regional conflicts, or contamination; 38 (b) Maximizing the effectiveness and the nutritional values of crop production; 39 40 4. Aims in the long run for reduced dependence of each sovereign Nation in the 41 agricultural sector, affording a certain degree of self-sufficiency of each Nation; 42 43 5. *Respects* the choice of each sovereign Nation to decide which crops are most efficient and suited to its natural environment: 44 45 6. *Requests* the use of an impartial expert to research the use of genetically 46 47 modified foods: 48 (a) Noting with concern the possible unforeseen consequences; (b) Respecting the integrity of the existing biodiversity of the region; 49 50 (c) Stressing the importance of Member States' sovereignty in regards to food 51 production; 52 53 7. Suggests that all Member States take action to help nations in addressing 54 problems concerning food sovereignty.

Passed by consensus, with 42 abstentions