

American Model United Nations Commission on the Status of Women

CSW/I/4

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION:	The equal sharing of responsibilities between women and men, including care-giving in the context of HIV/AIDS
SUBMITTED TO:	The Commission on the Status of Women
SUBMITTED BY:	Indonesia, Brazil, Haiti, Indonesia, Nigeria, Paraguay, Republic of Korea

The Commission on the Status of Women,

1 2	<i>Recognizing</i> the vital work of the Development Fund for Women (UNIFEM), The Division of the Advancement of Women (DAW), the Office of the Special Adviser on
3	Gender Issues, and the United Nations (UN) International Research and Training Institute
4	for the Advancement of Women (UN-INSTRAW),
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6	Further recognizing the initiatives of the 1995 Beijing Platform for Action and the
7	outcome of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly, the Declaration of
8	Commitment on HIV/AIDS of 2001, as well as the Millennium Development goals
9	especially concerning HIV/AIDS,
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11	<i>Reaffirming</i> resolution 50/2 of 2007, Women, the girl child and HIV/AIDS,
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13	Noting with approval the progress that has been made towards gender equality in terms
14	of care-giving,
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16	Concerned by the HIV/AIDS and other pandemics that disproportionally affects
17	women and girls, mainly in sharing the burden of care-giving,
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19	Fully aware that women spend twice as much time on care-giving as men,
20	significantly affecting women health and well being and depriving women the
21	opportunity of education and employment,
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23	Noting with regret that gender inequality still exists in terms of care-giving despite
24	efforts made by the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) and the General Assembly
25	of the United Nations,
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27	Recognizing cultural and religious diversity in the world while working towards
28	solutions that respect the different positions as result of these factors,
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30 1. Recommends for a mindful redistribution of: 31 (a) Existing funds by established non-governmental organizations (NGOs) that 32 have the ability to focus on gender inequality in terms of care-giving, such as the 33 World Health Organization (WHO), The Asian Pacific Forum, OXFAM 34 International etc.; 35 (b) Existing funds within UN Women to strengthen the purview of the body by specifically addressing problems of gender inequality in care-giving 36 37 including HIV/AIDS, malaria, maternal mortality and all other pandemics; 38 39 2. *Requests* support for monitoring care-giving at the national level, as well as 40 supporting evaluation mechanisms which provide awareness and crucial information 41 regarding inequality in care-giving; 42 43 3. Encourages governments and local communities to provide equal access of 44 social services to women and men including health care, sanitation, clean water, 45 education and health education especially for women affected by unequal care-giving for 46 HIV/AIDS and all other pandemics; 47 48 4. Endorses cooperation amongst developing countries for the purpose of 49 developing and disseminating best practices and treatments regarding the equal sharing of 50 care-giving responsibilities between men and women; 51 52 5. Invites Member States to partake in awareness campaigns to bring about 53 knowledge and understanding of gender inequality in terms of care-giving as an effort to 54 remove discriminatory attitudes, gender inequalities, stereotypes, and stigmatization 55 while encouraging more active participation of men in this field; 56 57 6. *Encourages* Member States to consider the contribution that unpaid laborers 58 and caregivers make to the economic and growth and development of each member state 59 by revisiting current evaluations of the informal labor sector; 60 61 7. Summons partnership with civil society, faith based organizations, and women 62 NGOs to amplify awareness of equal responsibilities in terms of care-giving.

Passed, Yes: 25 / No: 0 / Abstain: 6