GA 3rd/II/10

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION: Improvement of the Situation of Women in Rural

Areas

SUBMITTED TO: The Third Committee

SUBMITTED BY: Portugal, France, Netherlands

The Third Committee

Observing that while many Member States have signed the Convention for the Elimination of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW), ratification is a necessary step to ensuring that the policies are integrated into national legislation,

Having examined the work of groups such as the Gender Equality Commission, which provides for equal opportunities for women in the workforce, in particular advocating each member state to adopt a similar commission to oversee domestic equality between women and men,

Confident in the work of General Assembly Resolution 63/311, which advocates for the consolidation of the office of the Special Adviser on Gender Issues and Advancement of Women, the Division for the Advancement of Women, the United Nations Development Fund for Women, and the United Nations International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women, will bring the necessary consolidation for most far reaching aims,

Noting with satisfaction General Assembly resolution 62/206 that recognizes women's contributions in development and their underrepresentation in political and economic decisions, Recalling the principles enshrined in the African Commission on Human and Peoples Rights, focusing on the right to participation in the political and decision-making process as outlined in Article 9,

Deeply concerned at the effects of market liberalization which may deepen the marginalization of women in agriculture, thus advocating that rural women pursue political office at the local, regional, and state levels as a viable alternative,

Welcoming Member States who have committed .7% of their GDP to UN operations, which include humanitarian efforts, and recognizing it as essential to the realization of the aforementioned goals,

1. Calls upon Member States that already have not done so, to ratify and sign the

Convention on Elimination of Discrimination Against Woman (CEDAW);

2. *Strengthens* the optional protocol and committee, expanding the scope of discussion and referring as necessary and at the discretion of the committee the most severe cases to the General Assembly;

3. *Endorses* the creation of a gender equality committee within each state, initially comprised of representatives from willing NGO's, then successively transferred to the administration of regional actors;

4. Further reminds States that consolidation of the bodies mentioned in resolution 63/311 will not infringe upon their individual goals, but rather further their influence and allow for mutually beneficial dialog;

5. *Calls* for a yearly review to be submitted to the secretary general on the goals and accomplishments of the consolidated body to ensure the protection of the fundamental principals of the founding institutions;

6. *Emphasizes* that underrepresentation of women in government is detrimental to the pursuit of gender equality:

(a) Endorses the establishment of regional centers for the specific purpose of educating women on the structure of the political system;

- (b) To be funded by the maintenance of states .7% of Gross Domestic Product to the Official Development Assistance;
- (c) Mainstreaming these teachings into compulsory public education for future generations of women;

7. Draws attention to the evolving global markets in agriculture which are lessening the opportunities for small scale contributions by women;

8. *Considers* microfinancing specifically for women who wish to pursue politics, in order to provide themselves and their families with the additional income necessary to allow them to to extend themselves beyond the domestic realm;

9. *Recommends* Member States to expand suffrage in their countries in order to increase participation and the entrance of women to public life;

10. Further reminds Member States that increasing the prevalence of women in political office would provide advocates for women suffering from the devastating effects of violence and aggression, who would otherwise be unheard in male dominated governments.

Passed, Yes: 39 / No: 30 / Abstain: 25