

American Model United Nations Security Council

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION:	The Situation in Somalia
SUBMITTED TO:	The Security Council
SUBMITTED BY:	Belgium, Burkina Faso, China, Costa Rica, Croatia, France, Indonesia, Italy, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Panama, Russian Federation, South Africa, United States of America, Viet Nam

SC/2

The Security Council

1 2	<i>Recalling</i> its previous resolutions concerning the situation in Somalia, in particular Resolution 1844 (2008), Resolution 1838 (2008), as well as the statements of
3	the Secretary General, in particular those of 14 March 2008: Report of the Secretary
4	General on the Situation in Somalia,
5	
6	<i>Reaffirming</i> its respect for the sovereignty, territorial integrity, and political
7	independence and unity of Somalia,
8	
9	Reiterating its commitment to a comprehensive and lasting settlement of the
10	situation in Somalia through the Transitional Federal Charter, stressing the importance of
11	broad-based and representative institutions reached through a political process ultimately
12	inclusive of all, as envisioned in the Transitional Federal Charter,
13	
14	Further reiterating its support of Somalia's Transitional Federal Government,
15	
16	Recognizing the need for further United Nations and international action in the
17	area to affect stabilization and provide for development,
18	
19	Deploring the use of violence in the region and the world as a whole,
20	
21	1. Demands the immediate cessation of hostilities in Somalia and the surrounding
22	waters;
23	
24	2. Calls upon all nations to recognize the importance of the sanctions already in
25	place in Somalia; further calls upon all nations to stop trafficking arms illegally to
26	Somalia;
27	
28	3. Authorizes the creation of the United Nations Security and Stabilization Force of
29	Somalia (UN-SASFS) as a peacekeeping mission based on the recommendation of the

30 Secretary General in his report of 14 March 2008, which will be comprised of 10,000 31 troops and an additional number of military advisers, engineers, and other officials 32 necessary to maintain a peacekeeping force; UN-SASFS troops will be allocated in the 33 following manner: 34 (a) rapid deployment of forces to replenish the Ethiopian troops if necessary by 26 35 December 2008; 36 (b) charged with maintaining security conditions in Mogadishu, ports, and around 37 strategic infrastructure, securing humanitarian aid, and any other functions as deemed 38 necessary by this mission; 39 40 4. *Requests* that the deployment of the UN-SASFS mission follows a report from 41 the Secretary General assessing the needs of the mission to be completed within seven days for the purposes of facilitating the UN-SASFS mission, which would include the 42 43 additional number of military advisers, engineers, and other officials it deems necessary 44 to maintain a peacekeeping force; 45 46 5. Further authorizes the creation of the Concurrent International Anti-Piracy 47 Taskforce (CIAP-T) comprised of member nations' naval forces to work in coordination with UN-SASFS to control piracy in the region, as well as provide military escort to aid 48 49 in the delivery of humanitarian assistance to Somalia: (a) Mandated by the Security Council to: 50 51 (i) Escort humanitarian aid destined for Somali ports as it passes through the 52 Somali territorial waters as well as the contiguous High Seas: 53 (ii) Reduce the incidence of piracy in the Somali territorial waters by: 54 (a) Defending their own vessels from any incursions by pirates; (b) Reacting to all recognized distress calls made by ships registered by 55 United Nations Member States, which are being attacked or threatened by groups 56 participating in piracy: 57 58 (iii) Ensure legal accountability for all those intercepted in Somali territorial 59 waters while participating in acts of piracy by escorting these individuals to the ports closest to Mogadishu for trial, prosecution, and possible imprisonment by the Transitional 60 61 Federal Government, bearing in mind the conventional practices regarding the extradition 62 of prisoners; 63 (b) Consisting of naval forces, vessels, and personnel already deployed in the Gulf 64 of Aden and the Northeastern Indian Ocean as well as forces, vessels, and personnel to be deployed in the future for the purpose of reducing incidences of 65 piracy and securing international trade routes: 66 67 (i) Of which, each vessel would remain under the sovereign command of 68 the state to which it is registered; 69 (ii) Of which, each participating military would maintain sovereign control 70 over all of its personnel while also maintaining all military rules of engagement and 71 chains of command not in conflict with all previous United Nations resolutions passed on 72 this topic as well as the territorial integrity of Somalia; 73 (iii) Coordinated with the help of intelligence, best practices and advisory 74 opinions gathered, and disseminated by a council of military officials 75 representing all states participating in CIAP-T as established by operative clause 4c;

76	(c) To be overseen by the Mission Intelligence and Execution Council in Djibouti
77	(MIE – Djibouti) stationed on the French military base in Djibouti whose membership
78	will consist of all Member States contribution of vessels, aircraft, and/or personnel to the
78 79	CIAP-T as well as representatives from the Transitional Federal government, working to:
80 81	(i) Assist military officials from participating Member States in complying with
	all previous United Nations resolutions on this subject;
82	(ii) Gather, assemble, and disseminate intelligence useful in the effort to address
83	and eliminate acts of piracy;
84	(iii) Promote transparency in regards to operations meant to combat piracy as well
85	as communication between all militaries participating in the CIAP-T;
86	(iv) Study the situation and advise all participating militaries on the best practices
87	as well as possible strategies which would render the CIAP-T as effective as possible;
88	(v) Provide quarterly reports in coordination with the Transitional Federal
89	Government concerning the status of piracy off the coast of Somalia to be presented for
90	consideration before a meeting of the Security Council wherein all Members represented
91	on MIE Djibouti are present;
92	
93	6. Calls for the review of the UN-SASFS mission by the Security Council after six
94	months of the deployment of the peacekeeping operation for the purposes of reassessing
95	the mandate issued by the United Nations;
96	
97	7. Further requests monthly update reports by UN-SASFS to the Security Council;
98	
99	8. Calls upon the coordinated efforts of UN-SASFS, CIAP-T, and MIE-Djibouti as
100	well as other NGOs to help further facilitate the peacekeeping mission in Somalia;
101	
102	9. Invites all willing and able Member States to contribute naval forces to CIAP-T;
103	
104	10. Calls upon the Somali government to submit quarterly reports on the application
105	and efficacy of aid coming into the region.

Passed, Yes: 14 / No: 0 / Abstain: 1