

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION:	2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa
SUBMITTED TO:	The General Assembly
SUBMITTED BY:	Somalia, Belarus, Cambodia, Cameroon, China, Costa Rica, Gambia, Kenya, Sweden, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United Republic of Tanzania

The General Assembly

1	Guided by the United Nations Charter,
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3	Keeping in mind the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights,
4 5	Native the merricus and of International Organizations in combating this discuss
5 6	Noting the previous use of International Organizations in combating this disease,
7	Understanding the pervasiveness of the curable, preventable, and treatable malaria
8	epidemic,
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10	Recognizing that current methods for prevention and treatment are effective and
11	cost-efficient but under-utilized,
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13	Well aware of the need for financial oversight to administer successful allocation
14	of funds as well as to implement the aforementioned methods of combating malaria,
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16	1. Recommends the United Nations Development Program be consulted on all
17	financial matters related to anti-malarial efforts;
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19	2. Further calls for the improvement of infrastructure by establishing health
20	clinics on mobile, local, national, and inter-regional levels to facilitate the distribution of
21	goods that combat malaria: specifically Artesemin-based Combination Therapy (ACT)
22	drugs and Long Lasting Insecticidal Nets (LLIN);
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24	3. Stresses that such clinics should be run by local, national, and inter-regional
25	personnel, with health education training for local personnel supported by the World
26	Health Organization (WHO) as necessary,
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28	4. Encourages malaria education programs within school structures;
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30	5. Strongly encourages support of inter-regional organizations in continuing to aid
31	regionalized countries with malaria aid distribution;
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33	6. Encourages the United Nations Development Program to fund larger inter-
34	regional offices such as the East African Network Monitoring Anti-malarial Treatment
35	(EANMAT) for the purpose of:
36	(a) Monitoring the finances and statistics as they see necessary for the
37	allocation or relocation of funds to these inter-regional organizations;
38	(b) Purchasing of LLINs and ACTs to be directly supplied to the inter-
39	regional, national, and local clinics based on which methods are most effective in each
40	localized area;
41	(c) Overseering the cost-effectiveness of each clinic and organization, and
42	redistributing funds in the event of ineffective distribution;
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44	7. Expresses the hope that the WHO will continue their efforts to fund and
45	research malarial eradication efforts;
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47	8. <i>Strongly urges</i> the use of effective alternatives to DDT as a means for malarial
48	prevention;
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50	9. Suggests the use of water filtration systems as a viable alternative method of
51	prevention of malaria vectors, and in conjunction with other preventions efforts;
52	10. Executives at that March on States non-over tariffs and tower on all anti-malaria
53	10. <i>Encourages</i> that Member States remove tariffs and taxes on all anti-malaria
54	methods.

Passed, Yes: 52 / No: 11 / Abstain: 38