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			GA 2nd/I/10
	SUBJECT OF RESC	DLUTION:	Natural Disasters and Vulnerability
	SUBMITTED TO:	The Second	Committee
	SUBMITTED BY:		gentina Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, Slovenia, he Islamic Republic of Iran, Pakistan, Cote d'Ivoire,
	The Second Committee		
1 2 3 4 5	Recalling the Yokohama Strategy and the Plan of Action for a Safer World and Hyogo Framework 2005-2015: Building the Resilience of Nations and Communities to Disasters, which provide guidelines for disaster prevention, preparedness, mitigation, and relief,		
6 7 8 9	<i>Recognizing</i> the work of the International Strategy for Disaster Reduction and the Global Facility for Disaster Reduction and Recovery which help to implement the guidelines aforementioned,		
10 11 12 13 14	Noting with approval the efforts of the Office of the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA), World Health Organization (WHO), World Food Program (WFP), Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF), United Nations Department for Safety and Security (UNDSS), United Nations Development Program (UNDP), and all other relevant United Nations agencies,		
15 16 17 18 19		•	es are limited in developing countries and thus o pull together and facilitate disaster relief
20 21 22	Convinced that from similar disasters	•	operation will provide greater security to all who suffer
23 24 25	0 0		ent of the "culture of prevention," which informs and disaster preparedness,
26 27 28 29	00		cures are affected by natural disaster, developing es which magnify the effects when a natural disaster
30	1. Recommen	ds the Econom	nic and Social Council create or update of Natural

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Disaster Plans with the co-operation and collaboration from the Red Cross, International Federation of the Red Cross or the Red Crescent;

2. Further recommends the Economic and Social Council build upon these discussions and form effective regonal centers that can coordinate efforts in solving issues pertaining to economies hindered by natural disasters:

(a) Disaster prevention, in that information and studies of environmental factors pertaining to natural disasters which can devestate economies and be a cost effective solution to developing nations with low funds;

(b) Encourage preparedness by spreading the use of early warning technologies to decrease the effect of natrual disasters throughout regions;

(c) Through mitigation, in that the appropriate resources are allocated towards more long term effects such as infastructure damage and ecological vulnerability in order to sustain development;

(d) Relief, in that immediate response should occur within the first crucial hours in determining the impact of the disaster which can quickly restabilize the economy;

3. *Realizes* the importance of establishing cooperative centers in non-targeted zones in order to ensure the protection of the resource materials allocated to the region as defined by the United Nations Department for Safety and Security (UNDSS);

4. *Acknowledges* the importance of pre-existing regional bodies that allow for equal representation and use by these bodies to implement regional cooperation and support such as but not limited to the African Union, the Asian Partnership of Strategy, and the European Commission;

5. *Invites* nations to form regional disaster forums which includes equal representation from member states so that they can discuss the major concerns that affect their region and aid one another when such disasters occur;

6. Recommends the World Bank fund the distribution centers and stockpiles, through the mandate of regional bodies and non-governmental organizations, that will:

(a) *Recognize* that to prevent a large scale disaster from becoming multiple and complex due to subsequent and secondary disasters, it is necessary to provide quick and efficient international assistance through the deposit of multiple storage depots which will provide immediate access to supplies upon occurrence of national disasters;

(b) *Invites* the Red Cross, International Federation, or the Red Crescent to expedite the distribution of needed medical and emergency supplies;

77	7. Additionally <i>Recommends</i> the United Nations, international financial bodies			
78	as well as regional banks and other regional and international organizations support			
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30	(a) A swift and efficient response to disaster ridden countries			
31	through disaster relief efforts including contributions from member states and other			
32	international financial organs to United Nations Trust Fund and the Central Emergency			
33	Recovery Fund;			
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35	(b) Quick distribution of monetary aide to disaster-stricken countries in			
36	post-disaster recovery;			
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38	(c) Accordance with the World Bank and the International Strategy for			
39	Disaster Reduction Partnership;			
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91	8. Recommends the use of Transparency International to implement and			
92	supervise the immediate distribution of international aide in the wake of a natural disaster			
93	at the acceptance of the Nation.			

Passed, Yes: 53 / No: 22 / Abstain: 20