GA 6th/I/8

		GA 6tn/1/8	
	SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION:	Measures to Eliminate International Terrorism	
	SUBMITTED TO:	The General Assembly	
	SUBMITTED BY:	The Sixth Comittee	
	The Sixth Committee		
1 2 2	Understanding that terrorism is an international crisis that effects the stability of all sovereign states worldwide,		
3 4 5 6	Cognizant of the necessity for a unified and internationally accepted definition of terrorism,		
7 8 9		<i>Recalling</i> Resolution 49/60, which created a starting point from which to create ified and internationally accepted definition of terrorism,	
10 11 12	Realizing that global consensus and international cooperation are essential for fighting terrorism,		
13 14 15	Recognizing that organized c works,	rime is often linked to the funding of illicit terrorist	
16 17 18	<i>Recognizing</i> the importance of the Counter-Terrorism Committee (CTC) which was created by Security Council Resolution 1373,		
19 20 21	1 0	ts networks, in their efforts to avoid persecution from a stantly traverse individual states' borders,	
22 23 24 25		oth analysis of the deficiencies facing the Interpol, ns, be conducted to recommend ways to facilitate the adicate global terrorism,	
26 27 28		the part of all member states involved in the global of eventually eradicating the existence of this eminent	
29 30 31 32		method of presenting a united front against the opening the lines of communication between	

- 1. *Suggests* a definition of terrorism as any unlawful aggression or violent action directed toward civilians in an attempt to intimidate, instill fear, or compel a government or international organization to act or abstain from acting, and also specifies that the term "terrorist" should not be defined by any religion, ethnicity, nationality or race;
- 2. *Recommends* to the Security Council that a complete analysis of the CTC and their deficiencies be conducted in order to assign the proper allocation of resources that would allow this body to become more effective;
- 3. *Supports* the CTC in encouraging member states to create domestic laws against acts of terrorism which includes but is not limited to the ability of financial institutions to work under Financial Action Task Force (FATF) guidelines concerning terrorist financial activities;
- 4. *Encourages* the Economic and Social Committee to take immediate actions to curb economic decline in developing and undeveloped states in order to prevent economically deprived citizens from being forced into terrorist actions as a means of survival or retribution;
- 5. *Implores* member states to freeze all assets and funds of organizations which are found to support terrorist efforts as deemed by the FATF and the CTC, member states should aid in the dismantling of such groups;
- 6. *Urges* increased communication and sharing of the intelligence among the CTC, in organizations such as INTERPOL and FATF, by allowing representatives from each organization to convene on a regular basis, so as to open the lines of communication between the separate organizations;
- 7. *Urges* the committee to rotate seats among member states so that all member countries of the UN shall be more broadly represented under the CTC under the advisement of the Security Council;
- 8. *Invites* Member States to coordinate with NGOs/community-based organizations to promote anti-terrorism education awareness programs by making antiterrorism education available to communities;
- 9. *Suggests* that the CTC extend its operating procedures not only to investigating acts of terrorism, but also to educating voluntary member states on investigative procedures for the prevention of terrorism within the member state in the hopes of long-term benefits in the eradication of terrorism;
- 10. *Requests* that all states file an annual report discussing their efforts to combat terrorism and specifying that:
 - (a) Resource and funds shall be allocated to countries based on the needs

79	as outlined in the report,	
80 81	(b) Measures to verify the reports shall be employed on a case-by-case	
82	basis,	
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84	(c) United Nations provides economic, social, and moral support;	
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86	11. Emphasizes the need to create more political representation of the interests of	
87	rural communities through the Counter-Terrorism Committee, Counter-Terrorism	
88	Executive Directorate, and the Monitoring Terrorist Assisting Plan;	
89 90	12. Encourages all states to support any state that needs infrastructure to fight	
91	terrorism;	
92	CHOHSIII,	
93	13. Endorses the creation of regional cross-training conferences sponsored by the	
94	countries in need of the training;	
95		
96	14. Encourages Member States to empower a system of regionally based	
97	information hubs for the purpose of the intelligence and correspondence on terrorist	
98	activity;	
99 100	15 Calls upon all Mambar States to become party to as a motter of urgancy, the	
100	15. <i>Calls upon</i> all Member States to become party to, as a matter of urgency, the 13 International Conventions on combating terrorism and in doing so, special security	
102	agencies such as INTERPOL will provide the necessary resources to those Member	
103	States who lack the capability to raise these conventions;	
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105	16. Highly recommends that member states continue in the submission of annual	
106	reports to the CTC of the measures taken within the nations regarding the prevention of	
107	terrorism, and notes that member nations who comply with the submittance of these	
108	reports will earn admission into the aforementioned investigative education programs.	

Passed, Yes: 65 / No: 20 / Abstain: 5