

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

GA1/I/20

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION:

Promotion of Multilateralism in the Area of Disarmament

and Non-Proliferation

SUBMITTED TO:

The General Assembly

The General Assembly

Noting with emphasis the effectiveness of all methods of diplomacy including multilateral and bilateral,

Emphasizing the need to promote multilateralism in the area of disarmament,

Recognizing that disarmament is not limited to weapons of mass destruction,

Alarmed by the fact that small arms weapons have resulted in more deaths than any weapon of mass destruction,

Guided by the principles and ideas of the United Nations and in effort promote accountability and transparency among member states,

Seeking that the First Committee working in conjunction with the General Assembly Plenary take steps to provide for a new level of security, cooperation, and trust between member states,

Noting with approval all UN resolutions and international treaties working to combat the proliferation of small arms,

Reaffirming Article 2 Clause 7 of the United Nations Charter pertaining to the rights of states to control their own domestic affairs,

Further reaffirming the goal of the United Nations to provide a peaceful alternative to settling disputes,

- 1. Requests that a new committee be formed under the control of the Secretary-General of the United Nations with the aim of accounting for small arms and small arms traffic;
- 2. Further requests that membership of this committee be comprised of fifteen total members each serving two year terms, except for the five learned professionals which will serve four year terms:
 - 3. *Recommends* that the fifteen members of the committee be comprised of:

- (a) Seven regional representative member states elected from each of the following Intergovernmental organizations: OAS, EU, NATO, CIS, AU, OIC, ASEAN elected by their respective members
 - (b) Three non-governmental organizations, elected by the General Assembly Plenary
- (c) Five learned professionals in the areas related to the non-proliferation of weapons, also elected by the General Assembly Plenary
- 4. Further recommends that no more than nine elections for committee membership occur per year;
 - 5. Authorizes the committee to curtail small arms proliferation:
- (a) By attaining member state approval for securing an accurate count of type and grade of small and conventional arms possessed by each member state
- (b) By assisting member states in securing their small and conventional arms depots and stock piles
- (c) By promoting national security awareness within member states through the use of educational doctrines
 - (d) By securing unspent weapons and ordinances that remain from past conflicts
- (e) By placing special attention on the quantity, type and grade of small arms within areas of civil unrest
- (f) By providing member states with technological, economic, and training assistance, for all member states wishing to better secure their own small and conventional arms storage and depot centers
- (g) By providing further economic aid to any nation wishing to disarm portions of their arsenals under the supervision of UN inspectors
- 6. Recommends that the committee evaluate and work with member states strictly on a case by case basis;
- 7. Authorizes the committee to send recommendations to the Commission for Sustainable Development for economic aid to those nations willing to allow UN inspection of their small and conventional arms stockpiles;
- 9. Seeks that the expenditure of economic resources with the aim of providing aid to member states in compliance with all or part of the committee's agenda and mandate be provided by the Secretary General with approval from the General Assembly;
- 10. *Considers* appropriate multilateral pressure be applied to member states in non-compliance with the committee's agenda and mandate;
- 11. *Urges* that any multilateral pressure applied against member states be reserved as a final measure towards insuring multilateral cooperation;

12. Further urges the General Assembly Sixth Committee (Legal) to establish laws concerning the proliferation and production of small arms.

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Final Vote: 82 in favor / 3 opposed / 20 abstentions Abstaining: Botswana, Croatia, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Fiji, Honduras, Iceland, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Morocco, Netherlands, Republic of Korea, Slovakia, Spain, Sri Lanka, United Arab Emirates, Tanzania, Vietnam