

## COMMISSION ON SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

## REPORT TO ECOSOC: COMMISSION ON SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

1. The Commission of Sustainable Development focused on exploring the issues of
macroeconomic polices conducive to the environment and development, as well as making trade
and the environment mutually supportive. It became apparent early n the meeting that the two
topics shared many goals and that strong macroeconomic policies were covered in more depth.
This body discussed concrete plans to implement sustainable development and Agenda 21.

2. Resolution II/3 deals with the equalization and interaction between all nations in international

 dealings. The implementation of transparency within international bodies as well as equal representation within the bodies are important to fairness. This resolution promotes the elimination of distorting trade practices in order to implement the Millennium development Goals. Specifically this resolution addresses:

a. Issues of transparency.b. Fair representation of all countries withing international bodies.

- c. Affirmation of and call to implementation of Millennium Development Goals.
- d. Easing unfair trade practices.
- e. Concerns regarding distorting trade practices.
- 3. Resolution II/4 explores ways to promote sustainable development through economic structures. This includes the following suggestions:
  - a. Encouraging sustainable business practices.
  - b. Promoting value-added economies and economic diversification.
  - c. Financial incentive for environmentally sound business practices.
- 4. Resolution II/5 promotes interaction between developed and developing nations. The knowledge and technology structures of the developed world are recognized as valuable tools to help countries develop sustainably. This can be fostered through the interaction and cooperation of all sectors of society. Specifically this resolution includes:
  - a. Knowledge and technology transfer in regards to sustainable development.
  - b. Improvement of communication on benefits of sustainable development.
  - c. Fostering of partnerships between NGOs, government, and business.
- 5. Resolution II/7 deals with the humanitarian aspects of sustainable development. The abilities of NGOs to aid developing countries is recognized, and increased cooperation with them is encouraged. The resolution explores new options for sources of energy and pollution abatement. Specifically this resolution:
  - a. Supports the increase of flow of funds for NGOs.
- b. Reminds that humanitarian needs are important part of sustainable development and should be addressed.
  - c. Expresses the need for exploring renewable energy sources.

<ul><li>d. Recommends the increase of educational help for developing nations.</li><li>e. Explores market based policies to combat pollution.</li></ul>
<ul><li>6. Resolution I/1 brings attention to the importance of trade in the sustainable development of nations. This includes:</li><li>a. Promotion of free trade and accountability of such.</li><li>b. Multilateral free and fair zones while promoting independence of states.</li></ul>
7. Implementation of Agenda 21 and Millennium Development Goals will remain a long term goal. New plans will be created through discussion of polices proven to be successful and effective. Through partnership of the international community and advancing global cooperation the goals of sustainable development can be achieved.